

C241 Homework Assignment 4

1. Which of the following formulas are tautologies and which are contradictions?
Which of the formulas are logically equivalent to each other?

(a) $p \wedge (q \vee r)$

(b) $(\neg p \wedge r) \Rightarrow (q \vee r)$

(c) $(p \wedge q) \vee (p \vee r)$

(d) $\neg(r \Rightarrow q \wedge r)$

(e) $\neg(p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow p))$

(f) $((p \Rightarrow q) \vee (r \wedge s \vee t)) \vee (p \wedge \neg q)$

2. Use a truth table to show that

(a) $\neg(p \vee q)$ is not logically equivalent to $(\neg p \vee \neg q)$, and

(b) $\neg(p \wedge q)$ is not logically equivalent to $(\neg p \wedge \neg q)$.

Remember these facts.

3. Consider the logical operation defined below:

P	Q	$P \downarrow Q$
F	F	T
F	T	T
T	F	T
T	T	F

Show that ' \downarrow ' can be used to implement (in the sense of Prop. 3.2) all of the operations of Definition 3.1.

4. Let P stand for the proposition "Sue says it." Let Q stand for the proposition "Sam saw it." Let R stand for the proposition "Sid did it." Express the following sentences as formulas involving the logical connectives. If there is more than one way to translate a sentence, use truth tables to explain any differences in the meaning among these translations.
- (a) Sid did it, Sam saw it, and Sue says it.
 - (b) If Sid did it, Sam saw it.
 - (c) Sid did it only if Sam saw it.
 - (d) Sue says it only if Sid did it, and Sam saw it.
 - (e) If Sue says it implies Sam saw it, Sid did it.

5. Determine whether the following proposition is a tautology.

$$(a \vee b \Leftrightarrow c) \wedge (d \vee e) \Leftrightarrow ((a \vee b \Leftrightarrow c) \wedge d) \vee ((a \vee b \Leftrightarrow c) \wedge e)$$

6. Show whether the following pairs of formulas are equivalent.

(a) $(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow r$ and $p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow r)$

(b) $p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow r)$ and $(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow r$

(c) $(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow r$ and $(p \Rightarrow r) \wedge (q \Rightarrow r)$

7. For each of the following propositions, give the DNF under the variable ordering $\langle a, b, c \rangle$.

(a) $a \vee (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$

(b) $a \Rightarrow (b \Leftrightarrow c)$

(c) $(\neg b \wedge c) \wedge (\neg a \Rightarrow \neg c) \wedge (c \wedge (\neg b \vee \neg a))$

(d) $(a \Rightarrow b) \Leftrightarrow (b \Rightarrow c)$

8. Reduce the following boolean expressions to simpler terms

(a) $xy + (x + y)\bar{z} + y$

(b) $x + y + \overline{(x + y + z)}$

(c) $yz + wx + z + [wz(xy + wz)]$

9. Write the truth tables for the following logical formulas and state whether each is a tautology, a contradiction, or neither (a contingency).

(a) $P \wedge (Q \vee R)$

(b) $(P \wedge \neg P) \Rightarrow Q$

(c) $P \Rightarrow (Q \vee \neg Q)$

No SUPPLEMENTAL PROBLEM this week.